SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product Name: n-Hexane
Cat No.: AC326920000; AC326920010; AC326920025; AC326921000; AC326922500
Synonyms: Hex
Recommended Use: Laboratory chemicals
Uses advised against: No Information available

2. Hazard(s) identification

Classification
This chemical is considered hazardous by the 2012 OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Flammable liquids</th>
<th>Category 2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Skin Corrosion/irritation</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reproductive Toxicity</td>
<td>Category 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)</td>
<td>Category 3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs - Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific target organ toxicity - (repeated exposure)</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Target Organs - Liver, Heart, Blood.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspiration Toxicity</td>
<td>Category 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Label Elements

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Statements: Highly flammable liquid and vapor
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways  
Causes skin irritation  
Causes serious eye irritation  
May cause respiratory irritation  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness  
Suspected of damaging fertility  
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary Statements

Prevention
Obtain special instructions before use  
Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood  
Use personal protective equipment as required  
Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling  
Wear eye/face protection  
Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray  
Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product  
Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area  
Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking  
Keep container tightly closed  
Ground/bond container and receiving equipment  
Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment  
Use only non-sparking tools  
Take precautionary measures against static discharge  
Keep cool

Response
IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice  
Inhalation  
IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing  
Skin  
If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention  
IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower  
Wash contaminated clothing before reuse  
Eyes  
IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing  
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
Ingestion  
IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician  
Do NOT induce vomiting  
Fire
In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction  
Storage
Store locked up  
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed  
Disposal
Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)  
Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
### 3. Composition / information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Haz/Non-haz</th>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No</th>
<th>Weight %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>110-54-3</td>
<td>&gt;95</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 4. First-aid measures

**Eye Contact**
Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

**Skin Contact**
Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention.

**Inhalation**
Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do not use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if victim ingested or inhaled the substance; induce artificial respiration with a respiratory medical device. Obtain medical attention. Aspiration into lungs can produce severe lung damage.

**Ingestion**
Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. If vomiting occurs, lean victim forward to reduce the risk of aspiration.

**Most important symptoms/effects**
Breathing difficulties. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

**Notes to Physician**
Treat symptomatically.

### 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Suitable Extinguishing Media**
CO₂, dry chemical, dry sand, alcohol-resistant foam. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**
Water may be ineffective. This material is lighter than water and insoluble in water. The fire could easily be spread by the use of water in an area where the water cannot be contained.

**Flash Point**
-22°C / -7.6°F

**Autoignition Temperature**
223°C / 433.4°F

**Explosion Limits**
- Upper 7.5 vol %
- Lower 1.1 vol %

**Sensitivity to Mechanical Impact**
No information available

**Sensitivity to Static Discharge**
No information available

**Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical**
Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated.

**Hazardous Combustion Products**
Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

**Protective Equipment and Precautions for Firefighters**
As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.
6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions
Use personal protective equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Remove all sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Environmental Precautions
Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

Methods for Containment and Clean Up
Soak up with inert absorbent material. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Remove all sources of ignition. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

7. Handling and storage

Handling
Wear personal protective equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Use explosion-proof equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. To avoid ignition of vapors by static electricity discharge, all metal parts of the equipment must be grounded.

Storage
Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Flammables area.

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Exposure Guidelines

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV</th>
<th>OSHA PEL</th>
<th>NIOSH IDLH</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>TWA: 50 ppm (Vacated) TWA: 180 mg/m³</td>
<td>(Vacated) TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 500 ppm TWA: 1800 mg/m³</td>
<td>IDLH: 1100 ppm TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 180 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 176 mg/m³</td>
<td>TWA: 50 ppm TWA: 176 mg/m³</td>
<td>TWA: 50 ppm Skin</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Legend
ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists
OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration
NIOSH IDLH: The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health

Engineering Measures
Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Eye/face Protection
Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA’s eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.

Skin and body protection
Wear appropriate protective gloves and clothing to prevent skin exposure.
Respiratory Protection

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Hygiene Measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

9. Physical and chemical properties

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical State</th>
<th>Liquid</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Colorless</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor</td>
<td>Petroleum distillates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odor Threshold</td>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Melting Point/Range</td>
<td>-95°C / -139°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point/Range</td>
<td>69°C / 156.2°F @ 760 mmHg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>-22°C / -7.6°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability (solid, gas)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability or explosive limits</td>
<td>Upper 7.5 vol %, Lower 1.1 vol %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Pressure</td>
<td>160 mbar @ 20 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapor Density</td>
<td>2.97</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Relative Density</td>
<td>0.659</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility</td>
<td>Insoluble in water</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient; n-octanol/water</td>
<td>No data available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition Temperature</td>
<td>223°C / 433.4°F</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decomposition temperature</td>
<td>No information available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>0.31 mPa s at 20 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular Formula</td>
<td>C6 H14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Molecular Weight</td>
<td>86.18</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactive Hazard

None known, based on information available.

Stability

Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid


Incompatible Materials

Strong oxidizing agents, Halogens

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO₂)

Hazardous Polymerization

Hazardous polymerization does not occur

Hazardous Reactions

None under normal processing

11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity

Product Information

Component Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>LD50 Oral</th>
<th>LD50 Dermal</th>
<th>LC50 Inhalation</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>25 g/kg (Rat)</td>
<td>3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)</td>
<td>48000 ppm (Rat) 4 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
No information available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Irritation
Irritating to eyes and skin

Sensitization
No information available.

Carcinogenicity
The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No</th>
<th>IARC</th>
<th>NTP</th>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>OSHA</th>
<th>Mexico</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>110-54-3</td>
<td>Not listed</td>
<td>Not listed</td>
<td>Not listed</td>
<td>Not listed</td>
<td>Not listed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Mutagenic Effects
Mutagenic effects have occurred in experimental animals.

Reproductive Effects
Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects on laboratory animals.

Developmental Effects
Developmental effects have occurred in experimental animals.

Teratogenicity
Teratogenic effects have occurred in experimental animals.

STOT - single exposure
Respiratory system, Central nervous system (CNS).

STOT - repeated exposure
Liver, Heart, Blood.

Aspiration hazard
No information available.

Symptoms / effects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting. Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Endocrine Disruptor Information
No information available

Other Adverse Effects
Tumorigenic effects have been reported in experimental animals. See actual entry in RTECS for complete information.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity
Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. The product contains following substances which are hazardous for the environment.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Freshwater Algae</th>
<th>Freshwater Fish</th>
<th>Microtox</th>
<th>Water Flea</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>Not listed</td>
<td>2.1 - 2.98 mg/L LC50 96 h</td>
<td>Not listed</td>
<td>EC50: 3.87 mg/L/48h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and Degradability
Persistence is unlikely, based on information available.

Bioaccumulation/ Accumulation
No information available

Mobility
Will likely be mobile in the environment due to its volatility.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal Methods
Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.
14. Transport information

DOT

UN-No  UN1208
Proper Shipping Name  Hexanes
Hazard Class  3
Packing Group  II

TDG

UN-No  UN1208
Proper Shipping Name  HEXANES
Hazard Class  3
Packing Group  II

IATA

UN-No  UN1208
Proper Shipping Name  Hexanes
Hazard Class  3
Packing Group  II

IMDG/IMO

UN-No  UN1208
Proper Shipping Name  Hexanes
Hazard Class  3
Packing Group  II

15. Regulatory information

International Inventories

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>TSCA</th>
<th>DSL</th>
<th>NDSL</th>
<th>EINECS</th>
<th>ELINCS</th>
<th>NLP</th>
<th>PICCS</th>
<th>ENCS</th>
<th>AICS</th>
<th>IECS</th>
<th>KECL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>203-777-6</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Legend:

- X - Listed
- E - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(e) Consent order under TSCA.
- F - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 5(f) Rule under TSCA.
- N - Indicates a polymeric substance containing no free-radical initiator in its inventory name but is considered to cover the designated polymer made with any free-radical initiator regardless of the amount used.
- P - Indicates a commenced PMN substance
- R - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 6 risk management rule under TSCA.
- S - Indicates a substance that is identified in a proposed or final Significant New Use Rule
- T - Indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA.
- XU - Indicates a substance exempt from reporting under the Inventory Update Rule, i.e. Partial Updating of the TSCA Inventory Data Base
- Production and Site Reports (40 CFR 710(B).
- Y1 - Indicates an exempt polymer that has a number-average molecular weight of 1,000 or greater.
- Y2 - Indicates an exempt polymer that is a polyester and is made only from reactants included in a specified list of low concern reactants that comprises one of the eligibility criteria for the exemption rule.

U.S. Federal Regulations

TSCA 12(b)  Not applicable

SARA 313

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No</th>
<th>Weight %</th>
<th>SARA 313 - Threshold Values %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>110-54-3</td>
<td>&gt;95</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SARA 311/312 Hazardous Categorization

Acute Health Hazard: Yes
Chronic Health Hazard: Yes
Fire Hazard: Yes
Sudden Release of Pressure Hazard: No
Reactive Hazard: No

Clean Water Act: Not applicable

Clean Air Act

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>HAPS Data</th>
<th>Class 1 Ozone Depleters</th>
<th>Class 2 Ozone Depleters</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Not applicable

CERCLA
This material, as supplied, contains one or more substances regulated as a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) (40 CFR 302)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Hazardous Substances RQs</th>
<th>CERCLA EHS RQs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>5000 lb</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

California Proposition 65
This product does not contain any Proposition 65 chemicals.

State Right-to-Know

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Massachusetts</th>
<th>New Jersey</th>
<th>Pennsylvania</th>
<th>Illinois</th>
<th>Rhode Island</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hexane</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
<td>X</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

U.S. Department of Transportation
Reportable Quantity (RQ): Y
DOT Marine Pollutant: N
DOT Severe Marine Pollutant: N

U.S. Department of Homeland Security
This product does not contain any DHS chemicals.

Other International Regulations

Mexico - Grade
Serious risk, Grade 3

Canada
This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

WHMIS Hazard Class
B2 Flammable liquid
D2A Very toxic materials
16. Other information

Prepared By
Regulatory Affairs
Thermo Fisher Scientific
Email: EMSDS.RA@thermofisher.com

Creation Date
26-Oct-2009

Revision Date
02-Apr-2014

Print Date
02-Apr-2014

Revision Summary
This document has been updated to comply with the US OSHA HazCom 2012 Standard replacing the current legislation under 29 CFR 1910.1200 to align with the Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS).

Disclaimer
The information provided on this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guide for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other material or in any process, unless specified in the text.

End of SDS